

SHADAN WOMEN'S COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY*A UGC Autonomous Institution, Affiliated to JNTUH*

Khairatabad, Hyderabad, Telangana (India).

M.Tech. in COMPUTER SCIENCE**II YEAR COURSE STRUCTURE & SYLLABUS (R23 Regulations)****Applicable from AY 2023-24 Batch****II Year III Semester**

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
Professional Elective - V	1. Digital Forensics 2. High Performance Computing 3. Quantum Computing	3	0	0	3
Open Elective	Open Elective	3	0	0	3
Dissertation	Dissertation Work Review - II	0	0	12	6
	Total	6	0	12	12

II Year II Semester

Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	Credits
Dissertation	Dissertation Work Review - III	0	0	12	6
Dissertation	Dissertation Viva-Voce	0	0	28	14
	Total	0	0	40	20

Note: For Dissertation Work Review - I, Please refer 7.10 in R19 Academic Regulations.**Open Electives for other Departments:**

1. IPR
2. Fault Tolerance Systems
3. Intrusion Detection Systems
4. Digital Forensics
5. Optimization Techniques
6. Cyber Physical Systems
7. Graph Analytics

DIGITAL FORENSICS (Professional Elective - V)**M.Tech CS II Year I Sem**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Pre-Requisites: Cybercrime and Information Warfare, Computer Networks**Course Objectives:**

1. provides an in-depth study of the rapidly changing and fascinating field of computer forensics.
2. Combines both the technical expertise and the knowledge required to investigate, detect and prevent digital crimes.
3. Knowledge on digital forensics legislations, digital crime, forensics processes and procedures, data acquisition and validation, e-discovery tools
4. E-evidence collection and preservation, investigating operating systems and file systems, network forensics, art of steganography and mobile device forensics

Course Outcomes: On completion of the course the student should be able to

1. Understand relevant legislation and codes of ethics.
2. Computer forensics and digital detective and various processes, policies and procedures.
3. E-discovery, guidelines and standards, E-evidence, tools and environment.
4. Email and web forensics and network forensics.

UNIT - I**Digital Forensics Science:** Forensics science, computer forensics, and digital forensics.**Computer Crime:** Criminalistics as it relates to the investigative process, analysis of cyber criminalistics area, holistic approach to cyber-forensics**UNIT - II****Cyber Crime Scene Analysis:** Discuss the various court orders etc., methods to search and seizure electronic evidence, retrieved and un-retrieved communications, Discuss the importance of understanding what court documents would be required for a criminal investigation.**UNIT - III****Evidence Management & Presentation:** Create and manage shared folders using operating system, importance of the forensic mindset, define the workload of law enforcement, Explain what the normal case would look like, Define who should be notified of a crime, parts of gathering evidence, Define and apply probable cause.**UNIT - IV****Computer Forensics:** Prepare a case, Begin an investigation, Understand computer forensics workstations and software, Conduct an investigation, Complete a case, Critique a case,**Network Forensics:** open-source security tools for network forensic analysis, requirements for preservation of network data.**UNIT - V****Mobile Forensics:** mobile forensics techniques, mobile forensics tools.**Legal Aspects of Digital Forensics:** IT Act 2000, amendment of IT Act 2008.

Recent trends in mobile forensic technique and methods to search and seizure electronic evidence

TEXT BOOKS:

1. John Sammons, The Basics of Digital Forensics, Elsevier
2. John Vacca, Computer Forensics: Computer Crime Scene Investigation, Laxmi Publications

REFERENCES:

1. William Oettinger, Learn Computer Forensics: A beginner's guide to searching, analyzing, and securing digital evidence, Packt Publishing; 1st edition (30 April 2020), ISBN: 1838648178.
2. Thomas J. Holt, Adam M. Bossler, Kathryn C. Seigfried-Spellar, Cybercrime and Digital Forensics: An Introduction, Routledge.

HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPUTING (Professional Elective - V)**M.Tech CS II Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites:

1. Computer Organization & Architecture
2. Operating System Programming

Course Objectives:

1. To Improve the system performance
2. To learn various distributed and parallel computing architecture
3. To learn different computing technologies

Course Outcomes:

1. Understanding the concepts in grid computing
2. Ability to set up cluster and run parallel applications
3. Ability to understand the cluster projects and cluster OS
4. Understanding the concepts of pervasive computing & quantum computing.

UNIT - I

Grid Computing: Data & Computational Grids, Grid Architectures And Its Relations To Various Distributed Technologies. Autonomic Computing, Examples Of The Grid Computing Efforts (IBM).

UNIT - II

Cluster Computing at a Glance: Introduction, A Cluster Computer and its Architecture, Cluster Classifications, Commodity Components for clusters, Network Services/Communication SW, Cluster Middleware and SSI, RMS, Programming Environments and Tools, Cluster Applications.

Lightweight Messaging Systems: Introduction, Latency Bandwidth Evaluation of Communication performance, Traditional Communication Mechanisms for clusters, Lightweight Communication Mechanisms.

UNIT - III

Job and Resource Management Systems: Need of Job management, Components and Architecture.

Scheduling Parallel Jobs on Clusters: Introduction, Rigid Jobs with process migration, Malleable Jobs with Dynamic Parallelism, Communication-Based Coscheduling, Batch Scheduling. **Cluster Operating Systems:** COMPaS.

UNIT - IV

Pervasive Computing Concepts & Scenarios: Hardware & Software; Human – Machine Interface.

Device Connectivity: Java For Pervasive Devices; Application Examples.

UNIT - V

Classical Vs Quantum Logic Gates: One, Two & Three Qubit Quantum Gates; Fredkin & Toffoli Gates; Quantum Circuits; Quantum Algorithms.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Grid Computing, J. Joseph & C. Fellenstien, Pearson Education
2. High Performance Cluster Computing, Raj kumar Buyya, pearson Education.
3. Pervasive Computing, J. Burkhardt et.al, Pearson Education
4. Approaching Quantum Computing Marivesar, Pearson Education.

REFERENCES:

1. The Grid 2: Blue Print for a New Computing Infrastructure, Ian Foster and Carl Kesselman, 2 nd Edition, The Elsevier Series.
2. Quantum computing and Quantum Information, Nielsen & Chung L, Cambridge University Press.
3. A networking approach to Grid Computing, Minoli, Wiley

QUANTUM COMPUTING (Professional Elective - V)**M.Tech CS II Year I Sem.****L T P C**
3 0 0 3**Course Objectives:**

1. To introduce the fundamentals of quantum computing
2. The problem-solving approach using finite dimensional mathematics

Course Outcomes:

1. Understand basics of quantum computing
2. Understand physical implementation of Qubit
3. Understand Quantum algorithms and their implementation
4. Understand The Impact of Quantum Computing on Cryptography

UNIT - I

Introduction to Essential Linear Algebra: Some Basic Algebra, Matrix Math, Vectors and Vector Spaces, Set Theory.

Complex Numbers: Definition of Complex Numbers, Algebra of Complex Numbers, Complex Numbers Graphically, Vector Representations of Complex Numbers, Pauli Matrices, Transcendental Numbers.

UNIT - II

Basic Physics for Quantum Computing: The Journey to Quantum, Quantum Physics Essentials, Basic Atomic Structure, Hilbert Spaces, Uncertainty, Quantum States, Entanglement

Basic Quantum Theory: Further with Quantum Mechanics, Quantum Decoherence, Quantum Electrodynamics, Quantum Chromodynamics, Feynman Diagram Quantum Entanglement and QKD, Quantum Entanglement, Interpretation, QKE.

UNIT - III

Quantum Architecture: Further with Qubits, Quantum Gates, More with Gates, Quantum Circuits, The D-Wave Quantum Architecture.

Quantum Hardware: Qubits, How Many Qubits Are Needed? Addressing Decoherence, Topological Quantum Computing, Quantum Essentials.

UNIT - IV

Quantum Algorithms: What Is an Algorithm? Deutsch's Algorithm, Deutsch-Jozsa Algorithm, Bernstein-Vazirani Algorithm, Simon's Algorithm, Shor's Algorithm, Grover's Algorithm.

UNIT - V

Current Asymmetric Algorithms: RSA, Diffie-Hellman, Elliptic Curve

The Impact of Quantum Computing on Cryptography: Asymmetric Cryptography, Specific Algorithms, Specific Applications

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Nielsen M. A., Quantum Computation and Quantum Information, Cambridge University Press
2. Dr. Chuck Easttom, Quantum Computing Fundamentals, Pearson

REFERENCES:

1. Quantum Computing for Computer Scientists by Noson S. Yanofsky and Mirco A. Mannucci
2. Benenti G., Casati G. and Strini G., Principles of Quantum Computation and Information, Vol.Basic Concepts, Vol
3. Basic Tools and Special Topics, World Scientific. Pittenger A. O., An Introduction to Quantum Computing Algorithms

IPR (Open Elective)**M.Tech CS II Year I Sem.****L T P C****3 0 0 3****Course Objectives:**

1. To explain the art of interpretation and documentation of research work
2. To explain various forms of intellectual property rights
3. To discuss leading International regulations regarding Intellectual Property Rights

Course Outcomes: Upon the Successful Completion of the Course, the Students would be able to:

1. Understand types of Intellectual Property
2. Analyze trademarks and its functionality
3. Illustrate law of copy rights and law of patents

UNIT- I**Introduction to Intellectual property:** Introduction, types of intellectual property, international organizations, agencies and treaties, importance of intellectual property rights.**UNIT - II****Trade Marks:** Purpose and function of trademarks, acquisition of trade mark rights, protectable matter, selecting, and evaluating trade mark, trade mark registration processes.**UNIT - III****Law of copy rights:** Fundamental of copy right law, originality of material, rights of reproduction, rights to perform the work publicly, copy right ownership issues, copy right registration, notice of copy right, international copy right law.**Law of patents:** Foundation of patent law, patent searching process, ownership rights and transfer**UNIT - IV****Trade Secrets:** Trade secret law, determination of trade secrete status, liability for misappropriations of trade secrets, protection for submission, trade secrete litigation.**Unfair competition:** Misappropriation right of publicity, false advertising.**UNIT - V****New development of intellectual property:** new developments in trade mark law; copy right law, patent law, intellectual property audits.

International overview on intellectual property, international – trade mark law, copy right law, international patent law, and international development in trade secrets law.

TEXT BOOKS & REFERENCES:

1. Intellectual property right, Deborah. E. Bouchoux, Cengage learning.
2. Intellectual property right – Unleashing the knowledge economy, prabuddha ganguli, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing company ltd.

FAULT TOLERANCE SYSTEMS (Open Elective)**M.Tech CS II Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

1. To know the different advantages and limits of fault avoidance and fault tolerance techniques.
2. To impart the knowledge about different types of redundancy and its application for the design of computer system being able to function correctly even under presence of faults and data errors.
3. To understand the relevant factors in evaluating alternative system designs for a specific set of requirements.
4. To understand the subtle failure modes of "fault-tolerant" distributed systems.

Course Outcomes: Upon the Successful Completion of the Course, the Students would be able to:

1. Become familiar with general and state of the art techniques used in design and analysis of fault tolerant digital systems.
2. Be familiar with making system fault tolerant, modeling and testing, and benchmarking to evaluate and compare systems.

UNIT - I

Introduction to Fault Tolerant Computing: Basic concepts and overview of the course; Faults and their manifestations, Fault/error modeling, Reliability, availability and maintainability analysis, System evaluation, performance reliability tradeoffs.

UNIT - II

System level fault diagnosis: Hardware and software redundancy techniques. Fault tolerant system design methods, Mobile computing and Mobile communication environment, Fault injection methods.

UNIT - III

Software fault tolerance: Design and test of defect free integrated circuits, fault modeling, built in self-test, data compression, error correcting codes, simulation software/hardware, fault tolerant system design, CAD tools for design for testability.

UNIT - IV

Information Redundancy and Error Correcting Codes: Software Problem. Software Reliability Models and Robust Coding Techniques, Reliability in Computer Networks Time redundancy. Re execution in SMT, CMP Architectures, Fault Tolerant Distributed Systems, Data replication.

UNIT - V

Case Studies in FTC: ROC, HP Non-Stop Server. Case studies of fault tolerant systems and current research issues.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Fault Tolerant Computer System Design by D. K. Pradhan, Prentice Hall.

REFERENCES:

1. Fault Tolerant Systems by I. Koren, Morgan Kauffman.
2. Software Fault Tolerance Techniques and Implementation by L. L. Pullum, Artech House Computer Security Series.
3. Reliability of Computer Systems and Networks: Fault Tolerance Analysis and Design by M. L. Shooman, Wiley.

INTRUSION DETECTION SYSTEMS (Open Elective)**M.Tech CS II Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisites:Computer Networks, Computer Programming**Course Objectives:**

1. Compare alternative tools and approaches for Intrusion Detection through quantitative analysis to determine the best tool or approach to reduce risk from intrusion.
2. Identify and describe the parts of all intrusion detection systems and characterize new and emerging IDS technologies according to the basic capabilities all intrusion detection systems share.

Course Outcomes: After completion of the course, students will be able to:

1. Possess a fundamental knowledge of Cyber Security.
2. Understand what vulnerability is and how to address most common vulnerabilities.
3. Know basic and fundamental risk management principles as it relates to Cyber Security and Mobile Computing.
4. Have the knowledge needed to practice safer computing and safeguard your information using Digital Forensics.
5. Understand basic technical controls in use today, such as firewalls and Intrusion Detection systems.
6. Understand legal perspectives of Cyber Crimes and Cyber Security.

UNIT - I

The state of threats against computers, and networked systems-Overview of computer security solutions and why they fail-Vulnerability assessment, firewalls, VPN's -Overview of Intrusion Detection and Intrusion Prevention, Network and Host-based IDS

UNIT - II

Classes of attacks - Network layer: scans, denial of service, penetration Application layer: software exploits, code injection-Human layer: identity theft, root access-Classes of attackers-Kids/hackers/sop Hesitated groups-Automated: Drones, Worms, Viruses

UNIT - III

A General IDS model and taxonomy, Signature-based Solutions, Snort, Snort rules, Evaluation of IDS, Cost sensitive IDS

UNIT - IV

Anomaly Detection Systems and Algorithms-Network Behavior Based Anomaly Detectors (rate based)Host-based Anomaly Detectors-Software Vulnerabilities-State transition, Immunology, Payload Anomaly Detection

UNIT - V

Attack trees and Correlation of alerts- Autopsy of Worms and Botnets-Malware detection - Obfuscation, polymorphism- Document vectors.

Email/IM security issues-Viruses/Spam-From signatures to thumbprints to zero-day detection- Insider Threat issues-Taxonomy-Masquerade and Impersonation Traitors, Decoys and Deception- Future: Collaborative Security

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Peter Szor, The Art of Computer Virus Research and Defense, Symantec Press ISBN 0-321-30545-3.
2. Markus Jakobsson and Zulfikar Ramzan, Crimeware, Understanding New Attacks and Defenses.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Saiful Hasan, Intrusion Detection System, Kindle Edition.
2. Ankit Fadia, Intrusion Alert: An Ethical Hacking Guide to Intrusion Detection.

Online Websites/Materials:

1. <https://www.intechopen.com/books/intrusion-detection-systems/>

Online Courses:

1. <https://www.sans.org/course/intrusion-detection-in-depth>
2. <https://www.cybrary.it/skill-certification-course/ids-ips-certification-training-course>

DIGITAL FORENSICS (Open Elective)**M.Tech CNIS/CN/CYS II Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Pre-Requisites: Cybercrime and Information Warfare, Computer Networks**Course Objectives:**

1. provides an in-depth study of the rapidly changing and fascinating field of computer forensics.
2. Combines both the technical expertise and the knowledge required to investigate, detect and prevent digital crimes.
3. Knowledge on digital forensics legislations, digital crime, forensics processes and procedures, data acquisition and validation, e-discovery tools
4. E-evidence collection and preservation, investigating operating systems and file systems, network forensics, art of steganography and mobile device forensics

Course Outcomes: On completion of the course the student should be able to

1. Understand relevant legislation and codes of ethics.
2. Computer forensics and digital detective and various processes, policies and procedures.
3. E-discovery, guidelines and standards, E-evidence, tools and environment.
4. Email and web forensics and network forensics.

UNIT - I**Digital Forensics Science:** Forensics science, computer forensics, and digital forensics.**Computer Crime:** Criminalistics as it relates to the investigative process, analysis of cyber criminalistics area, holistic approach to cyber-forensics**UNIT - II****Cyber Crime Scene Analysis:**

Discuss the various court orders etc., methods to search and seizure electronic evidence, retrieved and un-retrieved communications, Discuss the importance of understanding what court documents would be required for a criminal investigation.

UNIT - III**Evidence Management & Presentation:**

Create and manage shared folders using operating system, importance of the forensic mindset, define the workload of law enforcement, Explain what the normal case would look like, Define who should be notified of a crime, parts of gathering evidence, Define and apply probable cause.

UNIT - IV

Computer Forensics: Prepare a case, Begin an investigation, Understand computer forensics workstations and software, Conduct an investigation, Complete a case, Critique a case, **Network Forensics:** open-source security tools for network forensic analysis, requirements for preservation of network data.

UNIT - V**Mobile Forensics:** mobile forensics techniques, mobile forensics tools.**Legal Aspects of Digital Forensics:** IT Act 2000, amendment of IT Act 2008.

Recent trends in mobile forensic technique and methods to search and seizure electronic evidence

TEXT BOOKS:

1. John Sammons, The Basics of Digital Forensics, Elsevier
2. John Vacca, Computer Forensics: Computer Crime Scene Investigation, Laxmi Publications

REFERENCES:

1. William Oettinger, Learn Computer Forensics: A beginner's guide to searching, analyzing, and securing digital evidence, Packt Publishing; 1st edition (30 April 2020), ISBN: 1838648178.
2. Thomas J. Holt, Adam M. Bossler, Kathryn C. Seigfried-Spellar, Cybercrime and Digital Forensics: An Introduction, Routledge.

OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES (Open Elective)**M.Tech CS II Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Prerequisite: Mathematics –I, Mathematics –II **Course****Objectives:**

1. To introduce various optimization techniques i.e classical, linear programming, transportation problem, simplex algorithm, dynamic programming
2. Constrained and unconstrained optimization techniques for solving and optimizing electrical and electronic engineering circuits design problems in real world situations.
3. To explain the concept of Dynamic programming and its applications to project implementation.

Course Outcomes: After completion of this course, the student will be able to:

1. explain the need of optimization of engineering systems.
2. understand optimization of electrical and electronics engineering problems.
3. apply classical optimization techniques, linear programming, simplex algorithm, transportation problem.
4. apply unconstrained optimization and constrained non-linear programming and dynamic programming.
5. Formulate optimization problems.

UNIT - I

Introduction and Classical Optimization Techniques: Statement of an Optimization problem – design vector – design constraints – constraint surface – objective function – objective function surface – classification of Optimization problems.

Linear Programming: Standard form of a linear programming problem – geometry of linear programming problems – definitions and theorems – solution of a system of linear simultaneous equations – pivotal reduction of a general system of equations – motivation to the simplex method – simplex algorithm.

UNIT - II

Transportation Problem: Finding initial basic feasible solution by north – west corner rule, least cost method and Vogel's approximation method – testing for optimality of balanced transportation problems. Degeneracy.

Assignment problem – Formulation – Optimal solution - Variants of Assignment Problem; Traveling Salesman problem.

UNIT - III

Classical Optimization Techniques: Single variable Optimization – multi variable Optimization without constraints – necessary and sufficient conditions for minimum/maximum – multivariable Optimization with equality constraints: Solution by method of Lagrange multipliers – Multivariable Optimization with inequality constraints: Kuhn – Tucker conditions.

Single Variable Nonlinear Unconstrained Optimization: Elimination methods: Uni Model function-its importance, Fibonacci method & Golden section method.

UNIT - IV

Multi variable nonlinear unconstrained optimization: Direct search methods – Univariate method, Pattern search methods – Powell's, Hooke - Jeeves, Rosenbrock's search methods. Gradient methods: Gradient of function & its importance, Steepest descent method, Conjugate direction methods: Fletcher-Reeves method & variable metric method.

UNIT - V

Dynamic Programming: Dynamic programming multistage decision processes – types – concept of sub optimization and the principle of optimality – computational procedure in dynamic programming – examples illustrating the calculus method of solution - examples illustrating the tabular method of solution.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Optimization Techniques & Applications by S.S.Rao, New Age International.
2. Optimization for Engineering Design by Kalyanmoy Deb, PHI

REFERENCES:

1. George Bernard Dantzig, Mukund Narain Thapa, "Linear programming", Springer series in Operations Research 3rd edition, 2003.
2. H. A. Taha, "Operations Research: An Introduction", 8th Edition, Pearson/Prentice Hall, 2007.
3. Optimization Techniques by Belegundu & Chandrupatla, Pearson Asia.
4. Optimization Techniques Theory and Practice by M.C. Joshi, K.M. Moudgalya, Narosa Publications

CYBER PHYSICAL SYSTEMS (Open Elective)**M.Tech CS II Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objective: To learn about design of cyber-physical systems**Course Outcomes:** Upon the Successful Completion of the Course, the Students would be able to:

1. Understand the core principles behind CPS
2. Identify Security mechanisms of Cyber physical systems
3. Understand Synchronization in Distributed Cyber-Physical Systems

UNIT - I**Symbolic Synthesis for Cyber-Physical Systems**

Introduction and Motivation, Basic Techniques - Preliminaries, Problem Definition, Solving the Synthesis Problem, Construction of Symbolic Models, Advanced Techniques: Construction of Symbolic Models, Continuous-Time Controllers, Software Tools

UNIT - II**Security of Cyber-Physical Systems**

Introduction and Motivation, Basic Techniques - Cyber Security Requirements, Attack Model, Countermeasures, Advanced Techniques: System Theoretic Approaches

UNIT - III

Synchronization in Distributed Cyber-Physical Systems: Challenges in Cyber-Physical Systems, A Complexity-Reducing Technique for Synchronization, Formal Software Engineering, Distributed Consensus Algorithms, Synchronous Lockstep Executions, Time-Triggered Architecture, Related Technology, Advanced Techniques

UNIT - IV**Real-Time Scheduling for Cyber-Physical Systems**

Introduction and Motivation, Basic Techniques - Scheduling with Fixed Timing Parameters, Memory Effects, Multiprocessor/Multicore Scheduling, Accommodating Variability and Uncertainty

UNIT - V**Model Integration in Cyber-Physical Systems**

Introduction and Motivation, Causality, Semantic Domains for Time, Interaction Models for Computational Processes, Semantics of CPS DSMLs, Advanced Techniques, ForSpec, The Syntax of CyPhyML, Formalization of Semantics, Formalization of Language Integration.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Raj Rajkumar, Dionisio De Niz, and Mark Klein, Cyber-Physical Systems, Addison-Wesley Professional.
2. Rajeev Alur, Principles of Cyber-Physical Systems, MIT Press, 2015

GRAPH ANALYTICS (Open Elective)**M.Tech CS II Year I Sem.**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

Course Objectives:

1. To explore the concept of Graphs and related algorithms.
2. To learn new ways to model, store, retrieve and analyze graph-structured data.
3. To be aware of advanced concepts in graph analytic techniques and its applications.

Course Outcomes: Upon the Successful Completion of the Course, the Students would be able to:

1. Understand Large-scale Graph and its Characteristics
2. Analyze Breadth-First Search Algorithm
3. Illustrate Recent Advances in Scalable Network Generation

UNIT - I

Introduction and Application of Large-scale Graph: Characteristics, Complex Data Sources - Social Networks, Simulations, Bioinformatics; Categories- Social, Endorsement, Location, Co-occurrence graphs; Graph Data structures, Parallel, Multicore and Graph Algorithms

UNIT - II Algorithms: Search and Paths

A Work-Efficient Parallel Breadth-First Search Algorithm (or How To Cope With the Nondeterminism of Reducers), Multi-Objective Shortest Paths

UNIT - III Algorithms: Structure

Multicore Algorithms for Graph Connectivity Problems, Distributed Memory Parallel Algorithms for Massive Graphs, Massive-Scale Distributed Triangle Computation and Applications

UNIT - IV Models

Recent Advances in Scalable Network Generation, Computational Models for Cascades in Massive Graphs, Executing Dynamic Data-Graph Computations Deterministically Using Chromatic Scheduling.

UNIT - V Frameworks and Software

Graph Data Science Using Neo4j, A Cloud-Based Approach to Big Graphs, Interactive Graph Analytics at Scale in Arkouda

TEXT BOOKS:

1. David A. Bader, Massive Graph Analytics, CRC Press

REFERENCES:

1. Stanley Wasserman, Katherine Faust, "Social Network Analysis: Methods and Applications", (Structural Analysis in the Social Sciences), Cambridge University Press, 1995.
2. Matthew O. Jackson, "Social and Economic Networks", Princeton University Press, 2010.
3. Tanja Falkowski, "Community Analysis in Dynamic Social Networks", (Dissertation), UniversityMagdeburg, 2009.